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OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Patent No. 7,230,023	:	ON PETITION
Mori et al.	:	UNDER 37 CFR 1.183
Issue Date: June 12, 2007	:	and
Application No. 10/647023	:	ON REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION
Filed: August 20, 2003	:	OF PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT
Attorney Docket No.	:	
03445CIP/HG	:	

This is a decision on the 1) Petition under 37 C.F.R. 1.183, requesting that the Office suspend the rules and consider on the merits a Request for Reconsideration of Patent Term Adjustment under 37 C.F.R. 1.705(d) filed more than two months from the date the above-referenced patent issued; and on the 2) APPLICATION FOR PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. §1.705(d), both of which were filed on February 11, 2009.

The petition under 37 CFR 1.183 is dismissed.

The request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment under 37 CFR 1.705(d) is dismissed as untimely filed.

Any request for reconsideration, whether directed to the decision on petition under 37 CFR 1.183 or to the decision on application for patent term adjustment under 37 CFR 1.705(d), must be filed within two months of the mailing date of this decision. Extensions of time under 37 CFR 1.136 are not permitted. See § 1.181(f).

BACKGROUND

On June 12, 2007, the above-identified application matured into U.S. Patent No. 7,230,023, with a revised patent term adjustment of 585 days. No request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment indicated in the patent was filed within two months of the date the patent issued. Patentee now petitions under 37 C.F.R. § 1.183 to (i) suspend or waive the requirement of 37 C.F.R. § 1.705(d) that a Request for Reconsideration of Patent Term Adjustment be filed within two months of the date the patent issued; and (ii) consider the enclosed Request for Reconsideration of Patent Term Adjustment. Patentee makes this request based on the recent decision in Wyeth v. Dudas, No. 07-1492 (D.D.C. Sept. 30, 2008).

**ON PETITION UNDER 37 CFR 1.183
TO WAIVE THE TWO-MONTH REQUIREMENT OF 37 CFR 1.705(d)**

The above-referenced patent issued on June 12, 2007. A request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment indicated in the patent was not filed until February 11, 2009. Petitioner requests that the Office suspend the rules and consider on the merits the Request for Reconsideration of Patent Term Adjustment under 37 C.F.R. 1.705(d) even though it was untimely filed more than two months from the date the patent issued.

The relevant regulation, 37 CFR 1.705(d), provides that:

If there is a revision to the patent term adjustment indicated in the notice of allowance, the patent will indicate the revised patent term adjustment. If the patent indicates or should have indicated a revised patent term adjustment, *any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment indicated in the patent must be filed within two months of the date the patent issued* and must comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section. Any request for reconsideration under this section that raises issues that were raised, or could have been raised, in an application for patent term adjustment under paragraph (b) of this section shall be dismissed as untimely as to those issues. (*emphasis added*).

By the express provisions of 37 CFR 1.705(d), a request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment must be filed within two months of the date the patent issued. It is undisputed that

no such request for reconsideration was filed by August 12, 2007, the date two months from the date this patent issued, June 12, 2007. Rather, on February 11, 2009, more than four months after the issuance of a decision in Wyeth v. Dudas on September 30, 2008, petitioner filed the instant request for waiver of the two-month requirement.

37 CFR 1.183 provides that:

In an extraordinary situation, when justice requires, any requirement of the regulations in this part which is not a requirement of the statutes may be suspended or waived by the Director or the Director's designee, sua sponte, or on petition of the interested party, subject to such other requirements as may be imposed. Any petition under this section must be accompanied by the petition fee set forth in § 1.17(f).

Preliminarily, it is recognized that the two-month requirement of 37 CFR 1.705(d) is a requirement of the regulations and not a statutory requirement. The statute, 35 U.S.C. 154, requires the Office to provide the applicant one opportunity to request reconsideration of any patent term adjustment determination made by the Director. But, the statute allows the Director to establish the procedures for requesting such reconsideration. Those procedures¹ include pursuant to 37 CFR 1.705(d) setting a two-month period for filing a request for reconsideration of the

¹ 35 U.S.C. § 154(b)(3) provides that the USPTO shall: (1) prescribe regulations establishing procedures for the application for and determination of patent term adjustments under 35 U.S.C. § 154(b); (2) make a determination of any patent term adjustment under 35 U.S.C. § 154(b) and transmit a notice of that determination with the notice of allowance under 35 U.S.C. § 151; and (3) provide the applicant one opportunity to request reconsideration of any patent term adjustment determination. Pursuant to the mandate and authority in 35 U.S.C. § 154(b)(3), the USPTO promulgated 37 C.F.R. § 1.705, which provides that: (1) the notice of allowance will include notification of any patent term adjustment under 35 U.S.C. § 154(b)(37 C.F.R. § 1.705(a)); (2) any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment indicated in the notice of allowance (except as provided in 37 C.F.R. § 1.705(d)) must be by way of an application for patent term adjustment filed no later than the payment of the issue fee and accompanied by (inter alia) the fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.18(e)(37 C.F.R. § 1.705(b)); and (3) if the patent indicates or should have indicated a revised patent term adjustment, any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment indicated in the patent must be filed within two months of the date the patent issued.

revised patent term adjustment indicated in the patent. As such, it is within the Director's authority to waive the two-month requirement.

Having considered petitioner's arguments, it is concluded that waiver of the two-month requirement is not warranted. Specifically, petitioner cites to Wyeth, where the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia held that contrary to USPTO practice, a patentee is entitled to Patent Term Adjustment credit for examination delay under 37 CFR 1.702(b) in addition to any examination delay under 37 CFR 1.702(a), to the extent that the two periods of delay "do not occur on the same calendar day or days." Petitioner requests waiver of Rule 1.705(d) to permit filing and consideration of the application for patent term adjustment, the basis for which is "[i]n view of the timing of the issuance of applicant's patent and the rendering of the Wyeth v. Dudas decision, applicant's can no longer seek a court review of this matter." Petitioner's argue that "applicant's sole possibility to obtain relief is for the USPTO to waive the two-month term after a patent issues for filing an application for patent term adjustment as set forth in 37 CFR 1.705(d)."

First, of all, the issuance of the Wyeth Opinion is not an extraordinary situation. Wyeth followed the procedure set forth in 37 CFR 1.705 for requesting reconsideration of the patent term adjustment determination. Then, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(4)(A)², Wyeth timely filed a complaint in District Court seeking judicial review of the Office's decision. A Memorandum Opinion and Order, the Wyeth decision of September 30, 2008, directed to the parties involved was issued.

The fact that any relief ultimately granted in Wyeth would benefit patentee had they timely filed a request for reconsideration does not make the situation extraordinary. Petitioner chose not to challenge their revised patent term adjustment within the two-month period. Petitioner could have

² 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(4) (A) APPEAL OF PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT DETERMINATION.
- (A) An applicant dissatisfied with a determination made by the Director under paragraph (3) shall have remedy by a civil action against the Director filed in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia within 180 days after the grant of the patent. Chapter 7 of title 5 shall apply to such action. Any final judgment resulting in a change to the period of adjustment of the patent term shall be served on the Director, and the Director shall thereafter alter the term of the patent to reflect such change.

filed a Request for Reconsideration of Patent Term Adjustment as Wyeth did. It is acknowledged that petitioner may have chose not to file a request for reconsideration based on a conclusion that the Office's interpretation of 35 U.S.C. § 154(b)(2)(A) was correct. Nonetheless, the fact that the District Court has now issued an Opinion contrary to the Office's interpretation does not make the situation extraordinary. This is not unlike any other situation where a patentee (or applicant) challenges a final agency decision and the decision upon judicial review could have had applicability to another patentee (or applicant) had they taken such action. In fact, many patentees may be in the same situation as petitioner with respect to the Wyeth decision.

Further, Petitioner if not on notice by established principles of administrative law was on notice by the Office's issuance of the above-cited Opinion that failure to file a request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment within the two-month period as required would likely foreclose their right to judicial relief. Yet they chose to not to file a request for reconsideration within the two-month period. This consequence of their failure does not render the failure an extraordinary situation warranting waiver of the two-month requirement. The key consideration in determining whether waiver is warranted is whether the circumstance that led to petitioner failing to meet the two-month requirement was an extraordinary situation where justice requires waiver.

Petitioner simply fails to articulate how their failure to file a request for reconsideration of patent term adjustment within two months of the issue date of the patent was due to an extraordinary situation. Petitioner cannot rely on Wyeth's actions or the Wyeth decision to establish that their situation was extraordinary.

Moreover, justice does not require waiver of the two-month requirement. Justice requires that the Office continue to devote its resources to the adjudication of timely filed requests for reconsideration under 37 CFR 1.705(b) and (d). Further, upon ultimate resolution of the interpretation of 37 CFR 1.702, justice requires that the Office determine consistent with relevant law and practice, and appropriate Court or legislative guidance, the applicability of any changes as to all affected patentees who failed to timely seek administrative remedy, and thus, could not seek judicial review. The fact that

time remains for seeking judicial review does not change this conclusion.

In view thereof, the petition under 37 CFR 1.183 for waiver of the two-month requirement of 37 CFR 1.705(d) is dismissed.

Accordingly, consideration now turns to the Request for Reconsideration of Patent Term Adjustment under 37 CFR 1.705(d).

**ON REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF
PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT UNDER 37 CFR 1.705(d)**

This is a decision on the "REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION OF PATENT TERM ADJUSTMENT UNDER 37 CFR 1.705(d)," filed February 11, 2009. Therein, patentee requests correction of the patent term adjustment (PTA) indicated in the patent to eight hundred eighty-one (881) days.

On June 12, 2007, the above-identified application matured into U.S. Patent No. 7,230,023, with a revised patent term adjustment of 585 days. The instant request for reconsideration was filed nearly 20 months after the issuance of the patent, on February 11, 2009.

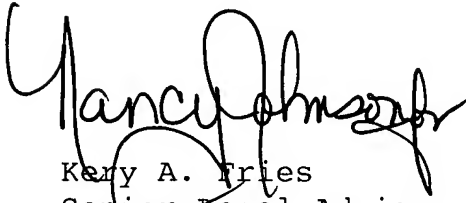
No error in the printing of the patent has been shown. The patent term adjustment indicated on the patent reflects the Office's determination of patent term adjustment shown in the PAIR system for this application. 37 CFR 1.705(d) provides the sole avenue before the Office for requesting reconsideration of the Office's determination of patent term adjustment indicated in the patent. Moreover, § 1.705(d) states that "any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment indicated in the patent must be filed within two months of the date the patent issued and must comply with the requirements of paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section." Since the request was not filed within two months of the issue date of the patent, the request is properly dismissed as untimely filed.

CONCLUSION

It is determined that waiver of the requirement pursuant to 37 CFR 1.183 is not warranted. Accordingly, the request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment under 37 CFR

1.705(d) filed more than two months after the issue date of the patent is dismissed as untimely filed.

Telephone inquiries specific to this matter should be directed to Derek Woods, Attorney, Office of Petitions, at (571) 272-3232.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kery A. Fries". The signature is stylized with a large, looping initial "K" and a cursive "Fries".

Kery A. Fries
Senior Legal Advisor
Office of Patent Legal Administration